

F1	R16	A31	U46	D61
In affinity fraud, con artists often use religion or ethnic status to gain trust.	Early withdrawal - you may pay now and later.	Not all mutual funds are low risk investments.	Websites devoted to investing & the stock market often 'pump up' thinly traded stock	Churning means frequently selling investments and buying new ones.
F2	R17	A32	U47	D62
Variable Annuities - high surrender charges & steep sales commissions to agents	Want your money now? What are the hidden costs?	Categorize investments based on their risk levels. Then decide.	Remember how easy it is to disguise your identity online.	Hyperactivity in an account often signals churning and wins commissions for brokers.
F3	R18	A33	U48	D63
More than a dozen mutual funds are under investigation.	Offshore accounts are often places where scam artists hide money.	Make sure you understand the fees and the way your advisor makes money.	Hot tips posted online are seldom, if ever, true.	Look at the big picture- your objectives, tax considerations & risk tolerance.





F4	R19	A34	U49	D64
Tax preparers and insurance agents must have a license to sell you securities.	Keep your perspective, read your prospectus.	Common frauds include Prime Bank Notes and Promissory Notes.	Always take the time to do your own research using reputable information sources.	Obtain a free report about your broker-dealer/investment adviser.
F5	R20	A35	U50	D65
Investment fraud accounts for more dollar injury than any other telemarketing fraud.	Is your insurance agent also licensed to sell securities?	Financial crimes can be as devastating as violent crimes.	Learn the signs of investment fraud.	Educate family and friends on how to identify and act against investment fraud.
F6	R21	A36	U51	D66
If it sounds too good to be true, it probably is.	Retirement account rollovers - is it necessary?	Know how much risk you're willing to take and how much money you're willing to lose.	No license, no sale.	Don't let embarrassment or fear keep you from reporting investment fraud.





F7	R22	A37	U52	D67
Low risk and high returns usually do not go hand in hand.	Threats and verbal abuse are common scam artist tools.	It's your responsibility to ask the right questions.	Scam artists use internet tools such as unsolicited email to spread false information.	If you discover a problem with your finances, act quickly.
F8	R23	A38	U53	D68
Do your senior specialists' credentials really count?	Read the fine print before you sign up.	For free investment fraud information, call your securities regulator.	Affinity fraud - "I'm like you so you can trust me" scam.	Contact your local securities regulator at www.dobs.pa.gov (this replaces www.psc.state.pa.us)
F9	R24	A39	U54	D69
Is a locked account worth unlocking?	Nigerian scams - why me?	Ponzi schemes - money paid in by later investors is used to pay earlier investors.	Age-old schemes include precious metals, oil drilling ventures, and pyramids.	Penny stocks are a popular pump and dump scam.





F10	R25	A40	U55	D70
Know your investments.	Your securities regulator is the cop on the beat.	Don't discuss any financial materials over the phone that you didn't request.	Realize that seminar "trainers" often are there to sell something, not teach.	Log on to www.nasaa.org for the Senior Investor Resource Center.
F11	R26	A41	U56	D71
Be careful of the V products: Viaticals and Variable Annuities	Diversify your investments: Don't put all your eggs in one basket.	Don't send money to anyone who insists on immediate payment.	Low interest rates and rising health care costs make seniors susceptible to scams.	Understand the risks of viatical and life settlements.
F12	R27	A42	U57	D72
Do your homework and check your monthly financial statements.	Is the company or person registered to sell securities in your state?	Never purchase any financial product that is described as "low risk, high yield."	Common investment scams - Oil & Gas, Mobile Billboards, Pay phones	Seniors are the number one target of investment fraud.





F13	R28	A43	U58	D73
Suitability, does it fit?	Use the Internet cautiously and confirm any information you gather.	Viaticals can be legitimate, but sometimes the person doesn't pass when expected.	Natural disasters or world events breed new scams.	There is no such thing as a "no risk" investment.
F14	R29	A44	U59	D74
In phishing scams, emails are often sent from fake banks.	Don't get burned - make sure it's not churned.	Pay phone and ATM scams? Oftentimes the equipment in question doesn't even exist.	Be alert when you hear "Last chance, you must act now." Hang up!	Be careful. Recovering your money is very difficult.
F15	R30	A45	U60	D75
If you become an investment fraud victim, let the authorities know.	Be a fraud fighter - share this information with family and friends.	Report investment scams to the Pennsylvania Securities Commission. 1-800-PA-BANKS	Education and awareness are an investor's best defense against fraud.	Free investment advice is worth what you paid for it.

